

Albuquerque Weekly Citizen.

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TELEGRAPHIC.

Washington, April 22.—The weather crop bulletin says: Seeding has been interrupted somewhat in the spring wheat regions of Dakota and Minnesota, but the ground is reported in excellent condition. Crop conditions are greatly improved in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys. Continued rains have delayed work in Nebraska and Missouri, where the crops are from two to four weeks late. The conditions are improved in Michigan and Wisconsin, although the crop is late owing to rain. In Iowa 80 percent of the small grains have been seeded, and in Kansas the fall grain has been sown.

On the north Pacific coast the weather was favorable. Fall wheat is reported growing rapidly. Spring wheat is up and fruit is in full blossom. All crops and stocks promise unusually well. In the Sacramento valley the warm, sunny weather is much needed. Grain is injured in some sections by the heavy rain, but other crops are excellent. In the Sonoma valley the Bartlett pear may be injured by blight, unless sunshine and rain prevent. In the San Joaquin valley the grain prospects are greatly improved. All crops are backward on account of cool, cloudy weather, but the outlook is generally good. In southern California cool, cloudy weather is unfavorable for fruit, but rain has benefited the grain and hay.

An Important Meeting.

Madrid, April 22.—The reciprocity convention between Spain and the United States, as drafted by Premier Canovas Del Castillo, representing Spain, and G. W. Foster, representing the United States, upon the reciprocity section of the new American tariff law. In return for the free entry of the United States for Antilles sugars, molasses, coffee, and hides, and a reduction of the duty on tea, America will obtain exemption from duties on most of her raw and manufactured products and a reduction of the tariff on cereals and flour.

The negotiations were protracted upon the question of the entire abolition of the tariff on cereals, flour and oils, including petroleum and lard. The same question in regard to tobacco was also raised, but not coming within the scope of the third section of the American tariff law was put aside. Premier Canovas offered protracted resistance to the abolition of the tariff on flour.

Barcelona and Santiago traders who are largely interested in flour shipments presented energetic protests which fortified the minister in his indisposition to accede to the American proposals.

Eventually representations that American reciprocity would be impossible without the free admission of American cereals induced Premier Canovas to assent to such a reduction of the tariff as will place all American flour upon nearly equal footing with Spanish flour.

Santander merchants declare that taking into consideration the cost of transportation of cereal grain, of which the bulk goes to the Antilles, American flour will crush out the Spanish product in the Spanish West Indies.

Stock Board Irregularities.
San Francisco, April 22.—Attorney General Hart has begun proceedings against the San Francisco public stock exchange, in which he asks that the corporation be enjoined from doing business, and that its motive in doing business be declared illegal and in violation of the law. He asks that its charter be forfeited.

The complaint sets forth that the mode of conducting the business is in violation of the penal code of the state of California and in violation of the laws of the state of California and the ordinances of the city and county of San Francisco against conducting lotteries, gambling in any games of chance, and therefore illegal and against public policy.

Fraudulent Financing.
St. Paul, April 22.—The report of the bank examiner on the affairs of the American Building and Loan Association shows that forfeited stock has been sold by a majority of the directors to their friends or trusted employees at a nominal figure. That purchasers in some instances had the numerical amount of certificates reduced in the number of shares, so no further payments would be necessary, and then borrowed from the association of stock as reduced three quarters of the loan fund enabling them thereby to get more money from the association than required to purchase the stock.

Wants \$5,000 for a Hand.
Chicago, April 22.—William C. Stone took out an accident policy in the Travelers' Preferred Accident Association of Chicago last December. He is a live stock dealer in Texas. Nine days after he received his policy he fell from a train as he was passing from one car to another. The wheels passed over one of his hands, which had to be amputated. Stone immediately applied for the indemnity—\$2,500—paid by the association in such cases. But an objection was raised. It was claimed that the policy for a live stock dealer did not cover traveling by rail, and Stone's application was ignored. He is now suing the association for \$5,000 damages in the superior court.

How Law in Kansas.
Lawrence, Kan., April 22.—A few weeks ago Lizzie Whitlow, 19 years of age, came here from Knoxville, Tenn., to visit relatives. Later she went to Jefferson county to visit an aunt who lives near the town of Perry. Last week she

was arrested by a constable on word from Knoxville, charging her with stealing \$300 from a hotel at which she worked. The constable, who is a hotel keeper, kept her locked in a room for four days and, it is claimed, did not allow her the privileges nor accommodations granted in a jail.

The neighbors heard of it, organized a mob of 150 and Wednesday at midnight rescued her and took her to her aunt's, saying the Tennessee officers could have her when they arrived, but demanded that she be treated decently.

An officer arrived yesterday with a requisition and took her home. Her story is that a young man to whom she was engaged stole the money and then deceived her away to throw suspicion on her. He has been arrested at Knoxville.

The Counterfeit Two Dollar Bill.

Washington, D. C., April 22.—Only a paper expert can detect the difference between the genuine two dollar silver certificates issued by the government and the spurious ones with which the country is being flooded. The most expert engravers of the bureau of engraving and printing, after spending four and a half days in a most minute examination of the two notes, have reported that, so far as the engraving is concerned, there is not the slightest difference between them, even to a dot as large as a pin's head. The paper of the counterfeit, moreover, is so close an approach to that of the genuine bill that it requires considerable examination to detect the difference.

A Crazy Cave Dweller.

A few people hereabouts know of the existence of a crazy cave dweller, named Juan, who has for his companion a goat, and lives in a dug out on the Mexican side about three miles up the river, says the El Paso Tribune. The cave in which the hermit makes his home was visited yesterday afternoon by a few people, but they were not successful in getting an interview with its strange occupant. Juan is a Mexican and is considered harmless insane. He is very seldom seen by anybody. The cave is opposite Fort Bliss and its occupants are the hermit and his pet goat. According to Juan's statement he was once a coachman for a wealthy family in the City of Mexico, and has wandered about the country ever since his discharge, which occurred some years ago. He makes a living by gathering roots and herbs and selling them to a firm in Chihuahua. His primitive habitation is about ten feet square and five feet in height, and its only contents are an old dry goods box, a couple of blankets and the goat's straw bed. The cooking is done on the outside, as is customary with itinerants. He has an hallucination that he is going to be killed by vicious negroes, and when he sees a negro he confines himself in his shabby abode and does not venture in the open air for hours. His case is one for fictitious writers.

An Appropriate Offering.

The Mission of All Saints (Episcopal) established in Prescott, and at present under the charge of Rev. E. W. Meany, was the recipient yesterday of a handsome communion service, the gift of Chief Justice and Mrs. Gooding, so well known in this community, and so deservedly popular with our citizens. It was presented as a memorial to the mother of Judge Gooding, and one of the pieces bears an appropriate inscription in commemoration of that estimable lady. The service consists of a large chalice, two chalices, and a paten—all of a beautiful design and rich workmanship. At yesterday morning's service they were arranged upon the table of the altar, and Rev. E. W. Meany made an announcement to the congregation, calling attention to the sacred vessels, and making known the names of the donors to whom they were sincerely thanks to the generous and thoughtful givers.

The above item is a clipping from the Prescott Courier. Rev. Meany, who is now located at Prescott, was for years the distinguished Episcopal divine of Santa Fe and is therefore well-known throughout the territory. He is a preacher who makes friends in whatever field he may be located.

Charles A. Dana.

When Charles A. Dana, of the Sun, is in New York, he goes to his office every day and puts in a stiff day's work, just as if he wasn't 71 years old and a millionaire. He is a kindly, brusque old fellow, who beams upon everybody through his big, two-moon spectacles, and bustles and buzzes about more like a big blue bottle fly on a window pane than the traditional office cat. But when he settles himself at the business end of his enographer loaded for a column or so of leaded brevity, the far corners of his eyes are seen. It is queer that a man who has some warm personal friends than any other editor in New York should also have such a host of bitter enemies. Probably the reason is that most of them have never seen him.

The storm in Kansas about April 1, proved more disastrous to stock than was generally supposed. It is said that W. B. Slaughter, who had some 3,500 head of steers on pasture in the state lot in the neighborhood of 500 head, and some other New Mexico and Arizona stockmen suffered fully as heavy losses. At present the weather throughout that state is delightful, and vegetation of all kinds is springing up rapidly. Although prospects for crops and grass never looked brighter at this season, and everything augurs well for the present season to witness a great demand from the feeders for the good cattle of this section.

RAILROAD RATTLES.

The Fort Worth & Rio Grande is delivering a large amount of stock cattle at Fort Worth.

The Santa Fe yard is rather too busy and noisy for comfortable indulgence in siestas at present.

The Santa Fe company has not yet made any move toward reestablishing its up-town office in Santa Fe.

The new engine for the Prescott & Arizona Central road (William N. Kelly) weighs 119,800 pounds, without coal or water.

In the recent railroad wreck on the Lake Shore road, near Cleveland, Ohio, two engineers and six postal route clerks were killed.

The Atlantic & Pacific is doing an immense business in freight traffic. Sixteen crews now run between this city and Winslow.

H. S. Nones, who insured railroad men, representing the Travelers and located at Denver, is in the city. He will remain several days.

Yardmaster Sears, of the Santa Fe yards, was fined this morning by Justice Denham \$5 and costs for obstructing the streets with cars.

Hope Lodge, No. 97, National Association of Machinists, will give its first annual ball at the rink in Raton, Monday evening, April 27th.

Mrs. Ryan and Mrs. Martin, who have been at the Windsor for the past few days, left last night for home. They are wives of popular railroaders.

Five extra freight crews have been put on between this city and Las Vegas. There are now twenty-five instead of nineteen crews as heretofore.

Conductor John Brady, of the Atlantic & Pacific, has returned from Burlington, where he had gone to attend the funeral of his brother James.

Roadmaster John Conway is kept busy protecting the Denver & Rio Grande railroad track from the high waters of the Navajo river in Rio Arriba county.

J. W. Nelson, engineer on the A. & P., is building a new four room brick residence on south Walter street, on the Highlands, which will cost about \$1,500.

Chas. Stevenson, one of the Santa Fe conductors between this city and Las Vegas, took in the show last night and Hermann had a lot of fun at Charley's expense.

John Slavin, who was recently promoted to the position of traveling passenger agent for the Santa Fe, has located in Denver, his future headquarters.

The Tombstone Prospector says: "The fare for round trip tickets from Tucson to Albuquerque during the encampment next fall will be \$15.75. From Benson it will be less."

It was rumored that the Texas & Pacific and Fort Worth & Denver were to be consolidated. This cannot be legally done under the state laws, says the Fort Worth Gazette.

Stephen Naughton, more frequently called "Gunny Sack Riley," has relatives in Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., who would like to hear from him. "Gunny Sack" is somewhere on a section out on the Atlantic & Pacific.

Last night's No. 4 from the west did not arrive until about 9 o'clock this morning. The delay was caused by two or three cars of a water train getting off the track at Ash Hill, a station this side of Barstow. To-day's No. 1, also from the west, was delayed until 3:30 this afternoon. Both trains were made into one and proceeded on east.

The enterprising citizens of Decatur, Texas, have just contracted with eastern capitalists for the building of a line of railroad from that city to the coal mines at Bridgeport, twelve miles distant. Decatur pays the railroad company a subsidy of \$30,000 in real estate and secures the right of way. The railroad company is to complete the road and put the coal mines in operation.

Conductor Simpson, of Durango, met with a slight accident that night of last week. After he had passed through the passenger coach, collecting tickets, he tried the closet door and found it locked, and subsequently trying the door and still finding it locked he concluded that some one was inside trying to steal a ride. He made an attempt to see through the window from the outside, and had no more than swung around on the side of the car when the train passed a coal shed. He was struck on the side by one of the projecting timbers. Aside from serious bruises he thought no other injuries were sustained.

Monday the brakemen on the coal runs of the Union Pacific system, at Trinidad, struck for an increase of pay. The runs included in the tie-up are the Sopris, Catekill and Chiconas. The men have been dissatisfied for some time with the schedule they have been receiving, which they claim is smaller than other roads pay in the same service, and submitted a scale to Trainmaster Fredericks on last Sunday and demanded an answer by Monday morning. The answer was not forthcoming and the men refused to take their runs out. The brakemen on the main line are in sympathy with the strikers and threaten to tie up the road unless their request is complied with.

THE ALBUQUERQUE.

All that Fort Worth needs now is a push, a start, to give its growth an impetus that will carry the Queen City far beyond the most sanguine hopes of her

people. "Money is hard to get" is the answer. Fort Worth has forty citizens who can get the money to build a fine hotel and contract the Albuquerque to Springfield, and these two enterprises put on foot now and supplementing the erection of the Federal building and city hall and additions being made to the parkery would be the work—Gazette.

If these "forty citizens" would take a joint over the line of the Albuquerque and see the rich and magnificent country it penetrates, and then visit the bustling little artesian city, Springtown, they would need no further evidence about it being a paying investment. There would be no waiting for the country to settle up, as it would penetrate a heavily populated agricultural district, one renowned for its products and live stock. A great mercantile trade would be turned to Fort Worth, thousands of bales of cotton would be sold to her buyers, her packery would be furnished with hundreds of carloads of hogs and cattle and produce untold supplied to her markets. This would be the best road that ever left her borders. Fort Worth should not cease working until the Albuquerque reaches Springtown. Springtown News-dealer.

CHICKENING UP.

H. C. Short, chief of traveling auditors of the Santa Fe system, headquarters at Topeka, and W. H. Matson, traveling auditor for the New Mexico and Rio Grande divisions, arrived in the city last night, being accompanied here by J. W. Walker, the new station agent, vice J. W. Farnsworth, who goes to El Paso. Today the auditors are checking up at the depot, and as soon as the transfer is made, the station properly turned over to Mr. Walker, Mr. Farnsworth will go to his new field of duty. The Albuquerque station has been conducted in good shape by the outgoing agent, Mr. Farnsworth.

A Great Strike.

Judge Foster returned from the south this morning, bringing with him samples of the new strike just made in the lower tunnel of the Stephenson-Bennett mine, Organ mountains, says the New Mexican. The specimens have been admired by a number of mining men to-day. The tunnel has been driven across the vein which constitutes the new find, and the mineral streak is found to be eight feet wide. Yesterday while working on what was thought to be the side wall the miners broke through into a mass of galena, the value and extent of which is as yet undetermined. There is, however, no question but that the strike is one of the greatest of the many rich strikes made in New Mexico this spring. Assays show the twelve foot vein to run twelve and a half ounces in silver and from 10 to 42 percent lead. The vein is impregnated with feldspar and is especially valuable as a fluxing ore. Regular shipments of ore are being made from the Stephenson-Bennett property to the El Paso smelters.

Cutting Atrey at Central.

On Tuesday evening last at Central in this county, Mr. Redd, who is also known by the euphonious cognomen of "Q" Redd, and one Chapin, a carpenter employed at Fort Bayard, were drinking together and apparently friendly until they entered the store of Julius Wellhausen, where a quarrel ensued, followed by a fight in which Chapin appeared to be getting the best of it, until Redd drew a small knife and cut Chapin several times in the neck and back. Chapin was taken to the hospital at Fort Bayard, where his wounds were attended to and he is now recovering. Redd was arrested and held under guard until the next day when he was committed to jail in this city—Silver City Sentinel.

Needles a Recruiting Station.

Last Saturday evening Lieut. George B. Dancan, of the 24th Infantry, arrived from Whipple Barracks, and with a non-commissioned officer and a private, established a recruiting station for Indians. It is proposed to enlist a company of Mohave Indians for the United States service, but whether the long-haired, breast-clad braves will choose to become soldiers, is rather doubtful. If they knew they would be stationed in this neighborhood, we believe they would enlist, but when they are told they are liable to be ordered to Italy to fight they don't seem to relish the idea.

We are afraid the new fangled notion of the government will prove futile—Needles Eye.

Lots of Water.

Since the announcement that artesian water was procured in abundance at a depth of 186 feet our sundering neighbors, who should lay aside their petty jealousies and work for the interest of the entire valley, have had nothing to say. We have still better news to announce. Water! lots of water! is flowing out from the top of a three-inch pipe from the artesian well of Capt. Lea, and the beauty of it is that the other end of the pipe is only 151 feet in the ground. Each well put down shows a stronger flow and is procured at a shallower depth than any of the former. We can assure our neighbors that our "indications" of artesian water are favorable.—Roswell Record.

After suffering horribly for years from scrofula in its worst form, a young son of Mr. R. L. King, 706 Franklin st., Richmond, Va., was recently cured by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. No other medicine can approach this preparation as a cleanser of the blood.

STRIKE STILL ON.

Trinidad Advertiser, April 22.

The strike on the Union Pacific has now become general from Denver to Texline, and yesterday not a train was sent out, except the regular passenger train, which the strikers say will not be interfered with.

Yesterday morning the strikers were in their places, but there was no work to do, as the train men were not on duty. They held a caucus in the morning and one in the afternoon, when it was decided to shirk their Easter in the ring and join the strikers, and at 3 o'clock they quit work.

Superintendent Russell was on the ground and had a short conference with the strikers. He was told in plain language that unless the branch run brake men were given what they demanded no more work would be done and that new men would not be permitted to go to work.

Only one man, a stranger, offered to go to work, and in about five minutes after he made his appearance at the yards he was only too anxious to seek a job elsewhere. The boys kept his hat as a souvenir of his visit.

Superintendent Duncan came down last evening in a special car, and it was reported that he was bringing a gang of seals with him to take the place of the strikers. A large delegation was at the depot, but if any men came in they were soon out of sight.

The men were quiet and orderly all day, but there was noticed a look of determination on the faces of the men which indicated that they were in for a protracted fight, if necessary, to gain their point.

Last evening a delegation of strikers went out to Chisno to intercept a squad that was said to be on their way here to go to work, and induce them to return. The men say they will protect the company's property if any attempt is made to destroy it.

Superintendents Duncan and Russell were not accessible last evening and what course they have determined on they are keeping to themselves. We sincerely hope that they will take a just view of the matter and end the strike at an early hour this morning.

Superintendent Russell yesterday applied at the sheriff's office for seventy-five deputies to protect the property of the company, but as there was no apparent need of protection the posse was not organized. The evident purpose was to intimidate the strikers and either force them to go to work or abandon the field. There is no danger of violence.

Fatal Eviction.

Pittsburg, Penn., April 21.—A special from Uniontown, Penn., says: The facts have been learned that violence has again caused death in the coke regions with the result that troops have been called to the scene of the tragedy and all is in a ferment.

The Fayette county officers went to Odessa this morning where they made two evictions after a great deal of trouble and opposition. They were overpowered by the strikers and driven away. Reinforced by Sheriff McCormack and a large force the deputies returned when a pitched battle took place between the sheriff's posse and about 300 Hungarians, men and women. A Hungarian girl was killed and others injured, among whom are several deputies.

The battle occurred about 3 o'clock this afternoon while the members of company C were lurching down at the boiler house. The deputies were trying to keep the Hun from carrying back the household goods which had been thrown out of the house in the forenoon. A big, strong Hun was fighting with the deputies, when Sheriff McCormack started to assist them. The Hun saw him coming and tried to shoot. The girl who was near was a lover of the big Hun and was fighting for him with the ferocity of a young lioness. The deputies say that the pistol went off in the hands of the Hun and killed his sweetheart. If it had not been that several of company C had at that moment come every deputy would doubtless have been injured if not killed.

Sheriff McCormack was shot through the thumb by the bullet that killed the girl.

Evictions will take place at Leith tomorrow and trouble is feared. About 100 Pinkertons are stationed at Leominster, where eighty-five men are at work in the pit. Company C will remain at Odessa to-night.

Deputies Crawford and Kiolo arrived here this evening with three prisoners captured during the riot.

John Fish Not Yet Found.

Chicago, Ill., April 24.—Although he disappeared more than a week ago John K. Fish has not yet been communicated with by his friends, and nothing new has been learned of his present location. It was reported to Mr. Fish, Sr., that the young man applied at a hotel at Madison, Wis., a week ago for a room, but could not obtain one on account of the crowded condition of the house. The next morning early he was seen in the Capitol park. Further traces of his movements at Madison will be sought.

The young man, who is the son of General Solicitor Fish, of the St. Paul road, is 21 years old and 6 feet 2 inches in height. He had been suffering from the la grippe, and it is believed left the city while in a semi-delirious condition.

A Big Railroad Scheme.

New York, April 24.—William Davis, general superintendent of the Corpus

Christi & South American Railway company, which is constructing a line of railroad from the United States to South America, gives a summary of the work as far as it has gone, and also of the future plans of the company.

He says, though little has been said about it to the public, the road is one of the greatest railroad building enterprises.

The line which the company has begun is to be 1,150 miles in length. Three years are to be taken in its building. From 5,000 to 10,000 men will be employed.

Contracts have been made calling for the completion of the road from Corpus Christi to the Rio Grande by Sept. 1.

The line will cross the Rio Grande at Brownsville, Texas, and will run thence to Tuxpan, from which point a branch line will be run to the City of Mexico. The main line will continue from Tuxpan to Manzanilla and Toluca, thence to Guatemala, Salvador, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Panama.

Consent has been made by the governments of each country through which it will pass and subsidies granted.

A Foundry Burning.

Denver, April 21. Davis & Crossfield's big machine shops, brass and type foundry, situated on the corner of Sixteenth and Blake streets, is burning and will probably be completely destroyed with a loss of about \$150,000.

The fire started in the center of the top floor and is apparently beyond the control of the fire department.

The Colonel Coming.

Colonel P. R. Smith, one of the promoters of a scheme to build irrigating ditches in New Mexico, and financial agent for the Rio Grande Irrigation & Colonization company, is expected here tomorrow. He is in Santa Fe, and in the course of a conversation at the New Mexican office, respecting the enterprise of his company in New Mexico, it was learned that they are now prepared to go right ahead and push work, there being plenty of money in the treasury with which to do this. The first construction work is to be done in the Mindero valley, Grant county, however, as there are yet some details connected with the Central Rio Grande valley enterprise, such as securing certain deeds and other evidence of title, which must be attended to before active work can begin on the ditches and storage reservoirs. This company has been completely reorganized of late, says Capt. Smith, and several objectionable parties heretofore connected with it are no longer "in it." The company is now in the control of Massachusetts and Maine capitalists who appreciate the importance of establishing irrigation and colonization undertakings in New Mexico, and have the courage and the financial backing necessary to carry them out.

The Governors.

The following is Gov. Prince's address to President Harrison when the president left train reached Denning:

"As we crossed the Rio Grande we entered the confines of New Mexico, and I wish on behalf of all of our people to express our high gratification at your visit, and to extend our heartfelt welcome to this territory. We welcome you, not only as the chief magistrate of the nation, but especially as the president who has shown the greatest interest in our welfare and has done the most to promote it. Thirteen presidents have held office since New Mexico became part of the United States, but no presidential officer ever referred to our territory and its interests until your own in the annual message of 1889, when you urged action by congress for the speedy settlement of our land titles. For forty years New Mexico has suffered from the uncertainty of these titles, and that message, supplemented by the special message of last July and by the active interest of members of the cabinet, has brought to us the greatest boon in our history and opened a future of vast promise."

"Our people feel the deepest gratitude for this recognition and timely aid, and our official welcome is made personally more heartfelt on that account."

The president returned his thanks in a brief speech.

Another Spouter.

The last issue of the Roswell Register has the following item about the discovery of another artesian well.

Last Saturday at 2 o'clock the water began spouting from the well on apt. Lea's lot. This makes three of these wonderful wells in Roswell, and each one is near the surface. The Jaffa Prager well is 20 feet, the Congrove well is 187 feet, while that of Capt. Lea is only 151 feet. The water supply of the lot appears much stronger than the others. It spouts from the pipe at ten feet from the ground. Everyone rejoices with the captain over his artesian beauty to stand and watch the water play, and our official reading of fairy fountains in Syrian retreats, and if you watch, and think of it, it is a fairy fountain, and the captain intends making the Sylvan retreat, now that he has the beautiful spouter. In a short while strangers coming into our little city will meet on every hand sparkling fountains and leafy branches, enough to remind them of Wronstrand.

The promptness and certainty of its cure have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy famous. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the most effectual remedy known for these diseases. Fifty cent bottles for sale by Thos. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

The Jicarilla Apache Indian agency will be taken away from the southern agency in Colorado, July 1, and placed under the control of the Pueblo Indian agency at Santa Fe. Agent S. gura left to-day for Ignacio, southern Colorado, where he will spend several weeks familiarizing himself with his new duties.—New Mexican.

CITY FATHERS.

A Big Batch of Business Transacted Last Evening.

The board of aldermen met last night. Present: J. E. Sant, mayor; Aldermen Armitage, Bowman, Gabel, Hunt, Maloy and Miller; Clerk Hopkins, Marshal Masten, Abmont—Aldermen Farr and Kaster.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The police committee not being able to report on charges preferred against Peter Isherwood, was granted further time.

The sanitary committee had no report to make.

The petition of Thos. Keleher and J. Yarnall, relative to the construction of a sidewalk on south side of Railroad avenue between Fourth and Fifth streets, was read and placed on file.

On motion of Alderman Miller, seconded by Alderman Gabel, that the city attorney be instructed to draft an ordinance in accordance with an act passed by the last legislature, providing for the building of sidewalks in cities.

The petition of Cornelia de Murphy, relative to the abatement of a nuisance in the rear of W. L. Trimble & Co.'s Copper avenue livery stable, was read, and on motion of Alderman Hunt, seconded by Alderman Gabel, it was referred to the sanitary committee.

The petition of John Fredrickson, pertaining to damage to his lot in N. T. Armitage's addition by the opening up of Fourth street, was read and on motion of Alderman Maloy, seconded by Alderman Miller, it was referred to the street committee.

On motion of Alderman Miller, seconded by Alderman Bowman, a vote of thanks was tendered the Grand Army and Guards for an invitation to attend the camp fire and ball at the Armory last evening.

The communication of F. C. Gunn, engineer in charge of the sewer work, was read and on motion of Alderman Armitage was referred to the sewer committee. He gives a comprehensive and long report of how the work is being progressed.

The clerk's report for the week ending April 22, was introduced and placed on file.

Marshal Masten's report was read for the week ending April 22. It was approved.

Treasurer Briggs' report was read and on motion of Alderman Hunt, seconded by Alderman Armitage, that it be referred to the finance committee.

The motion was lost by the following vote: Ayres—Armitage, Hunt, 2, ayes—Bowman, Maloy, Gabel, Miller, 4.

On motion of Alderman Maloy, seconded by Alderman Gabel, that a warrant be drawn in favor of the Hamilton National bank of New York for \$450 to meet interest on funding bonds; and that the treasurer be instructed to honor all warrants drawn against the contingent fund until he receives further instructions from the board.

Engineer Gunn, of the sewer, made a verbal talk about the Acquia Madre interfering with work on the sewer.

Ordinance No. 120, relative to franchises and privileges, was read the first time.

Ordinance No. 121, relating to the duties of the city attorney, was read the first time.

The contract for printing with THE DAILY CITIZEN was read, and the mayor instructed to sign same with publisher.

A number of new bills were introduced and referred to the finance committee.

A communication was received from the fire department notifying the board of the election of F. W. Beckis, chief, and W. S. McLaughlin, assistant chief of the department, and on motion of Alderman Hunt, seconded by Alderman Armitage, it was referred to the fire committee.

The bond of Clerk Hopkins, in the sum of \$2,000, with W. M. Weaver, W. P. Metcalf and M. Mandell as sureties, was read and accepted.

On motion of Alderman Hunt, seconded by Alderman Gabel, the following warrants were ordered drawn:

F. B. Drake \$14.00
Chas. Masten 21.00

Moved by Alderman Hunt, seconded by Alderman Bowman, that the matter of making a contract with the mayor-domo of Acquia Madre be referred to the sewer committee with the advice of the city attorney.

Alderman Farr from the First ward; Alderman Kaster from the Second; Alderman Maloy from the Third, and Alderman Miller from the Fourth, were selected as a committee to meet with the county commissioners as a board of equalization relative to city taxes.

On motion of Alderman Armitage, seconded by Alderman Maloy, that the street committee be empowered to make a contract for sprinkling the streets for the ensuing year and if necessary to procure a sprinkling